

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

June 30, 2023

Lake Country School District Table of Contents

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education of the Lake Country School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lake Country School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2023 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, which includes the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin November 30, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The discussion and analysis of the Lake Country School District financial performance provides an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year and focuses on school district financial performance. The 2022-2023 comparison to the prior year has been presented.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's overall financial status, as reflected in total net position, increased by \$240,120.
- The General Fund (Fund 10) balance decreased from \$796,931 to \$725,039. The fund balance is 11% of actual 2022-2023 Fund 10 expenditures.
- The District issued no new long-term debt in 2022-2023.
- District September third Friday membership, which is a major variable in the District's revenue limit calculation, increased slightly from the previous year to 355, mostly attributable to running summer school after not running the program for two years.
- Total revenues for Governmental Funds were \$7,298,898. This amount includes \$4,724,150 of local property taxes. Property taxes represent 57% of all revenue, all funds.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual financial report consists of two parts—management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements (district-wide and fund statements) including notes to the financial statements.

The basic financial statements consist of two kinds of statements that present different views of the District's financial activities.

- 1. The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> and <u>Statement of Activities</u> provide information on a district-wide basis. These statements present an aggregate view of the District's finances. District-wide statements contain useful long-term information as well as information for the just-completed year presented in a manner like private-sector businesses.
 - The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> compares assets/deferred outflows to liabilities/deferred inflows to give an overall view of the financial health of the District. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.
 - The <u>Statement of Activities</u> defines the District's expenses by function and illustrates the total that is offset by corresponding revenues charges for services and/or operating grants and contributions. General revenues and extraordinary credits are identified. The result is total net expense offset by general and miscellaneous revenue recognizing the Change in Net position for the District from the previous year.

- The remaining statements: <u>Balance Sheet Governmental Funds</u> and <u>Statement of Revenues</u>. <u>Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds</u> focus on individual parts of the District. Fund statements generally report operations in more detail than the district-wide statements and support the Statement of Net position.
 - The <u>Notes to the Financial Statements</u> provide further explanation of some of the information in the statements and provide additional disclosures so statement users have a complete picture of the District's financial activities and position.
 - <u>Required Supplementary Information</u> further explains and supports the financial statements by including a comparison of the District's budget data for the year and includes all reports in the financial statements including the financial notes.
 - <u>Additional Supplemental Information</u> provides information specific to non-major governmental funds such as the Food Service Fund.
 - The major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the activities reported and type of information contained is shown in the following table (Table #1).

District-Wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District using accounting methods like those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the District's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

<u>Table 1 – Major Features of District-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>

	District-wide Statements	Governmental Fund Statements
Scope	Entire district	The activity of the District that is not proprietary or fiduciary, such as instructional, support services and community services.
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and changes in Fund Balance
Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting Economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting Current financial resources focus
Type of Asset/Deferred Outflows and Liability/Deferred Inflows Information	All assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	Generally, assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter. No capital assets or long-term liabilities are included.
Type of Inflow and Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year. Expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liabilities are due and payable.

Table 2 - Statement of Net Position

Assets		2022-2023	2021-2022			
Cash and investments	\$	1,173,464	\$	1,088,871		
Taxes receivable		1,007,051		956,965		
Accounts receivable		16,298		301		
Due from other governments		398,492		111,094		
Restricted asset:						
Net pension		-		1,592,464		
Capital assets:						
Land		259,000		259,000		
Other capital asset, net of depreciation		5,722,269		5,502,044		
Total assets		8,576,574		9,510,739		
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows related to pensions, single employer		185,013		217,329		
Deferred outflows related to pensions, WRS		3,730,165		3,001,342		
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,915,178		3,218,671		
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		256,680		192,338		
Notes payable		1,300,000		1,000,000		
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due in more than one year		2,105,181		1,358,108		
Total liabilities		3,661,861		2,550,446		
Deferred Inflow of Resources						
Deferred inflows related to pensions, single employer		172,359		162,845		
Deferred inflows related to pensions, WRS		2,151,063		3,749,770		
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,323,422		3,912,615		
Net Position						
Net Investment in capital assets		5,981,269		5,761,044		
Restricted for pension		-		1,592,464		
Unrestricted		525,200		(1,087,159)		
Total net position	\$	6,506,469	\$	6,266,349		

Statement of Net position: (Table 2)

Table 2 provides a summary of the District's net position for the year ended June 30, 2023 compared to the year ended June 30, 2022. As of June 30, 2023, the District reported total assets of \$8,576,574 and total liabilities of \$3,661,861. Total net position at June 30, 2023 was \$6,506,469. This includes the estimated historical cost of sites, site improvements, buildings, building improvements, furniture and equipment net of accumulated depreciation. As of June 30, 2022, the total net position of the District was reported at \$6,266,349. There was an increase in net position of \$240,120 from fiscal year 2021-2022.

Changes in Net position from Operating Results For Governmental Activities 2021-2022 **Revenues** 2022-2023 Program **Charges for Services** Ś 1,331,860 19% 1,443,018 20% Ś Operating Grants & Cont. 1,220,725 18% 1,307,504 18% General **Property & Other Taxes** 4,030,556 58% 4,130,736 57% General State Aid 90,303 1% 26,723 0% Other 252,924 4% 390,917 5% **Total Revenues** 6,926,368 7,298,898 100% 100% **Expenses** Instruction 4,371,178 65% 4,768,693 68% 240,774 320,546 **Pupil Services** 4% 5% Instructional Support Serv. 207,800 3% 200,416 3% Administration 560,582 8% 642,844 9% 7% 489,512 216,799 3% **Buildings and Grounds Pupil Transportation** 240,115 4% 238,589 3% Other Support Services 239.205 4% 231,695 3% 0% Interest and Fees 7,451 0% 20,342 **Food Service** 257,839 4% 208,907 3% 56,081 **Community Service** 1% 39,587 1% **Cooperative Services** 26,503 0% 170,360 2% Total Expenses 6,697,040 100% 7,058,778 100% 229,328 240,120 Change in Net Assets Net Position, Beginning of Year 6,037,021 6,266,349 Net Position, End of Year \$ 6,266,349 6,506,469

Revenues:

Table 3

- The District received \$7,298,898 in revenue for the 2022-2023 fiscal year. Fifty-seven percent (57%) of the District's total revenue came from local school property tax. Less than one percent (1%) of the total came from State Aid. The District receives approximately thirty-eight percent (38%) in the form of specific use State Grants, Federal Aid, and direct fees for services. The overall make-up of the sources of revenue did vary from the previous year by utilizing one-time ESSER funds in the amount of \$391,226 to reduce the 2022-2023 deficit and by receiving a sizable donation from the PTO to help reduce the deficit in school year 2023-2024.
- Individuals and school districts that directly participated or benefited from a program contributed \$1,443,018 of the cost. Book and activity fees, admissions to athletic events, open enrollment tuition, Special Education Aid payments, lunch revenues and building rental fees are included as charges for services.
- Federal and State governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions of \$1,307,504.
- General Revenues in the form of property taxes accounted for \$4,130,736 and general state aid for \$26,723.

<u>Expenses</u>

• The District's total expenditure amount was \$7,058,778 for fiscal year 2022-2023. Sixty-eight percent (68%) is directed to pupil instruction and instructional services. Costs for teacher salaries/benefits, textbooks, and instructional supplies are examples of pupil instruction and instructional services.

General Fund Budgetary Comparison:

The District adopts an interim budget in April for the subsequent year. Consistent with current state statutes and regulations, the original budget is amended in October to reflect the actual revenue cap and state aid certification. The budget was amended after October by action of the School Board.

Fund Balances:

- The District shows a total for all fund balances of \$1,038,625 as of June 30, 2023.
- \$725,039 is in the General Fund. The District utilizes this fund balance for funding short-term operations as well as future retirement liabilities. The General Fund balance is 11% of operating expenditures. A fund balance of this size is a negative sign of financial viability, reduces the District's bond ratings, and does not allow the District to respond to non-recurring economic needs.
- The remaining fund balance includes \$136,164 for Special Revenue Trust Fund revenues to be spent on specified donation items or groups and to help reduce the 2023-2024 budget deficit. There is also \$160,928 in Food Service which will be used to continue to improve our food service department. Lastly, there is \$16,494 in the Community Service Fund.

Governmental Activities:

The District's current financial position can be attributed to deferment of expenditure reductions over the course of several years to maintain programming at its current levels as well as deferring Capital Improvements to maintain programming. The Board of Education realizes that the District must look for ways to reduce expenditures to be more in line with the revenues that the District receives and address the infrastructure needs of the building.

The Board of Education is currently exploring a referendum that would address both the Capital (building) and Operational (programming) needs of the district. The Board of Education and Administration are committed to exploring all options to provide high quality education for all students, while developing a budget within the constraints of the state-imposed revenue limit.

Capital Asset Administration

Capital Assets

• We are currently complying with the requirements of GASB 34. The District capitalizes assets with a value greater than \$5,000 and a useful life greater than 1 year. Depreciation is computed based on a straight-line basis over the life of the asset. Information on capital asset balances and current year activity is reported on page 25.

District's Future

- The District is in a very difficult financial position that can be attributed to the following factors: A decline in resident enrollment, increased expenditures, the discontinuation of Federal ESSER Funds, and school district funding not keeping pace with inflation. With a Fund Balance projection of \$326,553 at the end of the 2023-2024 School Year. The deficit projection for the 2024-2025 school year is approximately \$798,000, this is unsustainable. The Board of Education and Administration are committed to finding ways to reduce expenditures to be in line with the revenues it receives.
- One of the most important variables in the District's financial future is the cost of health insurance for its employees. The cost of health benefits has been steadily increasing in the marketplace at a rate of at least 10%. If these rate increases continue, the cost of health benefits will have an impact on the instructional services of the District. Administration has been implementing various employee cost saving and sharing measures to offset the District's portion of this expense, but this issue continues to be a budgetary challenge. Administration is also working to decrease and or eliminate our pension benefits in the future as that plays a major factor in our expenses and budget each year.
- The Board of Education continues to explore the use of a referendum for both the Operational and Capital needs of the District. A final decision from the Board of Education will be in January 2024.

Contacting the District's Financial Management:

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

Melissa Schoeder Lake Country School District 1800 Vettelson Road Hartland, WI 53029 262-367-3606 ext. 106 (phone) 262-367-3205 (FAX) schoederm@mylakecountryschool.org **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Lake Country School District Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

Assets

Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Due from other governments Capital assets: Land Other capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 1,173,464 1,007,051 16,298 398,492 259,000 5,722,269
Total assets	 8,576,574
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows related to pensions, single employer Deferred outflows related to pensions, WRS	 185,013 3,730,165
Total deferred outflows of resources	 3,915,178
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Notes payable Noncurrent liabilities: Due in more than one year	256,680 1,300,000 2,105,181
Total liabilities	 3,661,861
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows related to pensions, single employer Deferred inflows related to pensions, WRS	 172,359 2,151,063
Total deferred inflows of resources	 2,323,422
Net Position	
Net Investment in capital assets Unrestricted	 5,981,269 525,200
Total net position	\$ 6,506,469

Lake Country School District Statement of Activities

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs				Operating Charges for Grants and Services Contributions		rants and	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position		
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	3,654,318	\$	1,178,849	\$	287,354	\$	(2,188,115)	
Special education		782,933		29,746		357,493		(395,694)	
Other		331,442				40,168		(291,274)	
Total instruction		4,768,693		1,208,595		685,015		(2,875,083)	
Support services:									
Pupil services		320,546		-		358,718		38,172	
Instructional support services		200,416		-		24,864		(175,552)	
Administration		642,844		-		-		(642,844)	
Buildings and grounds		216,799		-		-		(216,799)	
Pupil transportation		238,589		-		11,057		(227,532)	
Other support services		231,695		-		129,484		(102,211)	
Interest and fees		20,342		-		-		(20,342)	
Food service		208,907		130,270		98,366		19,729	
Community service		39,587		-		-		(39,587)	
Cooperative services		170,360		104,153		-		(66,207)	
Total support services		2,290,085		234,423		622,489		(1,433,173)	
Total activities	\$	7,058,778	\$	1,443,018	\$	1,307,504		(4,308,256)	
General revenues:									
Taxes:								4 074 055	
Property taxes, levied for gene								4,074,655	
Property taxes, levied for com		•						56,081	
Intergovernmental revenues not	estr	icted to a spec		unction				26,723	
Investment income								9,446	
Miscellaneous								381,471	
Total general revenues								4,548,376	
Change in net position								240,120	
Net Position, Beginning								6,266,349	
Net Position, Ending							\$	6,506,469	

Lake Country School District Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General Fund		General Education Gov		lonmajor vernmental Funds	 Total	
Assets							
Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from other governments	\$	860,773 1,007,051 6,812 120,495 210,778	\$	- - - 178,853	\$	312,691 - 9,486 - 8,861	\$ 1,173,464 1,007,051 16,298 120,495 398,492
Total assets	\$	2,205,909	\$	178,853	\$	331,038	\$ 2,715,800
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Notes payable Accrued salaries and related items	\$	39,752 - 1,300,000 141,118	\$	39,415 120,495 - 18,943	\$	163 - - 17,289	\$ 79,330 120,495 1,300,000 177,350
Total liabilities		1,480,870		178,853		17,452	 1,677,175
Fund Balances Committed Unassigned Total fund balances		725,039		-		313,586 313,586	 313,586 725,039 1,038,625
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,205,909	\$	178,853	\$	331,038	1,000,020
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the sta different because: Capital assets used in governmental funds are not reported in the funds.	finano	cial resources	and th				5,981,269
Net pension liability - WRS does not relate to current in the funds	nt fina	ancial resource	es and	is not reporte	ed		(1,027,567)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	do no	ot relate to curi	rent fin	ancial resour	ces		3,915,178
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not dependent of the funds period and therefore are not reported in the funds Long-term obligations - total pension		d payable in tł	ne curr	ent			(1,077,614)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions d are not reported in the governmental funds.	o not	relate to curre	ent fina	ncial resourc	es and	d	 (2,323,422)
Net position of governmental activities							\$ 6,506,469

Lake Country School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 General Fund	Special <u>Revenue</u> Special Education Fund		onmajor /ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues						
Local	\$ 4,264,330	\$-	\$	459,820	\$	4,724,150
Interdistrict	1,178,849	29,746	•	-		1,208,595
State	423,263	168,725		2,945		594,933
Federal	485,576	158,296		95,421		739,293
Other	 31,927			-		31,927
Total revenues	 6,383,945	356,767		558,186		7,298,898
Expenditures						
Instruction:						
Regular	3,215,305	-		63,878		3,279,183
Special education	120,796	636,969		-		757,765
Other	 260,074			-		260,074
Total instruction	 3,596,175	636,969		63,878		4,297,022
Support services:						
Pupil services	136,985	197,064		-		334,049
Instructional support services	201,493	-		-		201,493
Administration	567,209	1,559		-		568,768
Buildings and grounds	612,116	-		-		612,116
Pupil transportation	222,822	15,767		-		238,589
Other support services	230,650	1,045		-		231,695
Debt service: Interest and fees	20,342					20 242
Food service	20,342	-		- 204,944		20,342 204,944
Community service	-	-		39,587		39,587
Cooperative program	-	-		170,360		170,360
Total support services	1,991,617	215,435		414,891		2,621,943
Non-program	 306,201			-		306,201
Total expenditures	 5,893,993	852,404		478,769		7,225,166
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	 489,952	(495,637)		79,417		73,732
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	-	495,637		66,207		561,844
Transfers out	 (561,844)			-		(561,844)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (561,844)	495,637		66,207		-
Net change in fund balances	(71,892)	-		145,624		73,732
Fund Balances, Beginning	 796,931			167,962		964,893
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 725,039	<u>\$</u>	\$	313,586	\$	1,038,625

Lake Country School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023		
	•	70 700
Net Change in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds	\$	73,732
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities. Capital outlay is reported as expenditures in fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial		
statements		159,595
Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements. Depreciation adjustment		(221,860) 282,490
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Net pension liability, WRS		(2,620,031)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		696,507
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Total pension obligation, single employer		1,589,193 280,494
rotal pension obligation, single employed		200,434
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	240,120

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Lake Country School District, Wisconsin (the District) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the District. The reporting entity for the District consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The District has not identified any organizations that meet this criteria.

District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

District-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the District are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. In addition, any other governmental fund that the District believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

General Fund accounts for the District's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Education Fund - Special Revenue Fund is used to account for and report grants and local revenues, that are restricted or committed to provide special education services to district students.

The District reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Gift Trust Fund (Contributions) Food Service Fund (Food service grants and fees) Community Service Fund (Local taxes and fees) Cooperative Program Fund (Cooperative education program)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the district-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and revenue.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the District is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the District which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services and interest. Other general revenues such as student fees, recreation fees and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above. Charges for special education services are not reduced by anticipated state special education aid entitlement.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

Investment of District funds is restricted by Wisconsin state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The District has adopted an investment policy. That policy has approved public depositories and follows the state statute for allowable investments. The District has an investment policy that requires deposits to be limited to amounts that are protected by state and federal laws and the District complied with this provision of the policy as described in Note 3.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

No policy exists for the following risks:

Credit risk

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF) and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At June 30, 2023, the fair value of the District 's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note 3 for further information.

Receivables

General accounts receivable have been adjusted for all known uncollectible accounts. No allowance is necessary at year end.

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed values as of the prior January 1.

The aggregate amount of property taxes to be levied for school purposes is determined according to the provisions of Chapter 120 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Property taxes levied by the District are certified to local taxing districts for collection. Property taxes attach as an enforceable item as of January 1.

Property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year levied. The District considers all taxes as due prior to the end of the fiscal year. Full receipt of the entire levy is assured within 60 days of the District's fiscal year end.

Property taxes are collected by the local taxing units until January 31. Real estate tax collections after that date are made by the applicable county, which assumes all responsibility for delinquent real estate taxes.

Property tax calendar - 2022 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date	December 2022
Tax bills mailed	December 2022
Payment in full, or	January 31, 2023
First installment due	January 31, 2023
Second installment due	July 31, 2023

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Capital Assets

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment (including right-to-use lease assets), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 for general capital assets and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and Improvements	60	Years
Equipment	5-20	Years

Lease assets are typically amortized over the lease term.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

Compensated Absences

The District's policy does not allow accumulated vacation and sick pay benefits to vest. Unused accumulated vacation and sick pay benefits are forfeited upon retirement or termination of employment. These benefits are recorded as an expenditure in the year used. No accumulated amount is recorded as a liability in the district-wide financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist of pension liabilities.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. **Net Investment in Capital Assets** Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. **Restricted Net Position** Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. **Unrestricted Net Position** All other net positions that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. **Nonspendable** Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. **Committed** Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the District Board. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the District Board that originally created the commitment.
- d. **Assigned** Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The District has adopted a financial policy authorizing the administrator and/or bookkeeper to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. **Unassigned** Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The District considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

See Note 3 for further information.

Pension

The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net Pension Liability (Asset);
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions; and
- Pension Expense (Revenue).

Information about the fiduciary net position of the WRS and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the single-employer pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expenses, the District's singleemployer pension plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note 1.

The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. The District may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds council action.

Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. There were no carryovers to the following year. Budgets are adopted at the department level of expenditure.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Excess Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Over Budget

Fund		Budgeted penditures	Ex	Actual penditures	Excess Expenditures Over Budget		
Special Revenue - Gift Trust Fund Special Revenue - Food Service Fund	\$	13,662 190,061	\$	63,878 204,944	\$	50,216 14,883	

The District controls expenditures at the function level. Some individual functions experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the District's year-end budget to actual report.

Limitations on the District's Revenues

Wisconsin statutes limit the amount of revenues that school districts may derive from general school aids and property taxes. The annual revenue increase from these sources is limited to an allowable per member increase that is determined by the legislature.

The limitation does not apply to revenues needed for the payment of any general obligation debt service (including refinanced debt) authorized by either of the following:

- A resolution of the school board or by a referendum prior to August 12, 1993.
- A referendum on or after August 12, 1993.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

Deposits and Investments

The District's deposits and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Value	Statement Balances	Associated Risks
Demand Deposits LGIP	\$ 144,861 <u>1,028,603</u>	\$ 164,872 <u> 1,029,954</u>	Custodial credit risk Credit risk
Total deposits and investments	<u>\$ 1,173,464</u>	<u>\$ 1,194,826</u>	
Reconciliation to financial statements			
Per statement of net position.			

er statement of het position.	
Unrestricted cash and investments	\$ 1,173,464

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has not been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District.

The District does not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

The District had investments in the external Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool which is not rated.

See Note 1 for further information on deposit and investment policies.

Receivables

All of the receivables on the balance sheet are expected to be collected within one year and no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded.

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Adjustments*	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	<u>\$ 259,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ </u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	259,000		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	259,000
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment	10,505,285 1,628,837		159,595 	80,819	10,584,061 1,628,837
Total capital assets being depreciated Total capital assets	<u>12,134,122</u> 12,393,122	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>12,212,898</u> 12,471,898

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

	Beginning Balance	Adjustments*	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Equipment	\$ (5,089,464) (1,542,614)	\$	\$ (182,106) (39,754)	\$ 80,819 	\$ (5,190,751) (1,299,878)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,632,078)	282,490	(221,860)	80,819	(6,490,629)	
Net capital assets being depreciated	5,502,044	282,490	(62,265)	<u>-</u>	5,722,269	
Total governmental activities capital assets, net as reported in the statement of net position	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$282,490</u>	<u>\$ (62,265</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 5,981,269</u>	

* Adjustment made to accumulated depreciation to properly reflect revisions to calculations noted in current year.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental	Activities
Instruction:	

Instruction:	
Regular instruction	\$ 148,094
Support services:	
Administration	23,997
Buildings and grounds	49,769
5 5	
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 221,860
rotal goronnantal dearnade depresidation expenses	

Interfund Receivables/Payables and Transfers

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund - Special Education Fund	<u>\$</u>	120,495
Total		\$	120,495

All amounts are due within one year.

The principal purpose of these interfunds is to temporarily finance expenditures until all revenue sources are received. All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and (3) payments between funds are made

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	 Amount
Special Revenue Fund - Special Education Special Revenue Fund - Cooperative Program	General Fund General Fund	\$ 495,637 66,207
Total		\$ 561,844

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

The above transfer to the special education fund uses unrestricted revenues collected in one fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations and Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction directives.

Short-Term Debt Activity

The District issued short-term debt for tax and revenue anticipation notes in advance of property tax collections. The fiscal year begins July 1, but tax collections from the municipalities are received beginning the following January.

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Issued	_ <u>F</u>	Redeemed	Ending Balance		
Tax and Revenue Anticipation Note	<u>\$</u>	1,000,000	<u>\$</u>	1,300,000	<u>\$</u>	1,000,000	<u>\$</u>	1,300,000	
Total	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,300,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,300,000	

The current tax and revenue anticipation note is due on November 1, 2023 and has an interest rate of 3.60%. Total short-term interest expended during the year was \$20,482. As of June 30, 2023, the District has \$200,000 in unused tax and revenue anticipation notes.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	 Increases	 Decreases	 Ending Balance	 mounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Other liabilities: Net Pension liability Total pension liability	\$ - 1,358,108	\$ 1,027,567 110,132	\$ - 390,626	\$ 1,027,567 1,077,614	\$ -
Total other liabilities	 1,358,108	 1,137,699	 390,626	 2,105,181	 <u> </u>
Total governmental activities long- term liabilities	\$ 1,358,108	\$ 1,137,699	\$ 390,626	\$ 2,105,181	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the District may not exceed 10% of the equalized value of taxable property within the District's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of June 30, 2023, was \$67,984,489. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$0.

Other Debt Information

Estimated payments of pension obligations are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The pension obligations attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net position reported on the district-wide statement of net position at June 30, 2023, includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Net investment in capital assets: Land	\$ 259,000		
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 5,722,272		
Total net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,981,272		

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2023, include the following:

Committed Nonmajor Funds:	
Food Service	\$ 160,928
Gift Trust Community Service	136,164 16,494
Community Convice	10,404
Total	<u>\$ 313,586</u>
Unassigned Major Fund:	
General fund	<u>\$ 725,039</u>
Total	<u>\$ 725,039</u>

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

4. Other Information

Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at <u>https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</u>.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their average earnings and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings period. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment %	Variable Fund Adjustment %		
2013	(9.6)	9.0		
2014	4.7	25.0		
2015	2.9	2.0		
2016	0.5	(5.0)		
2017	2.0	4.0		
2018	2.4	17.0		
2019	0.0	(10.0)		
2020	1.7	21.0		
2021	5.1	13.0		
2022	7.4	15.0		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$219,612 in contributions from the District.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of June 30, 2023 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer	
General (including Teachers, Executives & Elected Officials)	6.50 %	6.50 %	

Pension Liability, Pension Expense (Revenue), Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$1,027,567 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 rolled forward to December 31, 2022. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.01939647%, which was a decrease of 0.00036070% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$511,916.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between projected and actual experience	\$	1,636,596	\$	2,150,120	
Changes in assumptions		202,062		-	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,745,599		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		4,871		943	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		141,037		<u> </u>	
Total	\$	3,730,165	\$	2,151,063	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

\$141,037 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending December 31:	Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Net)			
2024	\$ 60,19	99		
2025	298,11	11		
2026	305,87	73		
2027	773,88	32		

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2021
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset):	December 31, 2022
Experience Study:	January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020 Published November 19, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	6.8%
Discount Rate:	6.8%
Salary Increases:	
Wage Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table
Post-Retirement Adjustments*:	1.7%

* No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2022 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns* As of December 31, 2022							
Core Fund Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %**				
Public Equity	48	7.6	5				
Public Fixed Income	25	5.3	2.7				
Inflation Sensitive	19	3.6	1.1				
Real Estate	8	5.2	2.6				
Private Equity/Debt	15	9.6	6.9				
Total Core Fund***	115	7.4	4.8				
Variable Fund Asset	-						
U.S Equities	70	7.2	4.6				
International Equities	30	8.1	5.5				
Total Variable Fund	100	7.7	5.1				

* Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

** New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

*** The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.8% and a municipal bond rate of 4.05% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2022. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the investment rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase to
	to Discount	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	Rate (5.8%)	(6.8%)	(7.8%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 1,027,567</u>	<u>\$ (611,660</u>)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at <u>https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</u>.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a payable to the pension plan of \$84,029, which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. The District purchases commercial insurance to provide coverage for losses from torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omission; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. However, other risks, such as torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omission; workers compensation of assets; errors and omission; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. However, other risks, such as torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omission; workers compensation; and health care of its employees are accounted for and financed by the District in the general fund.

Commitments and Contingencies

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the District is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the District attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

The District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

Single-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

Upon the retirement of eligible Teachers, the District will provide a total benefit of \$90,000, which will be contributed in equal payments over a 60-month period into a 403(b) on behalf of the retiree. Similarly, full-time, full year Support Staff that were hired prior to January 1, 2005 may also receive a 403(b) benefit of \$35,000 upon their retirement that will be paid out over a 36-month period. The District will also make 403(b) contributions on behalf of the District Administrator in the amount of \$9,000 for a period of 5 years. The Plan is administered by the District and does not issue a stand alone financial report.

At June 30, 2023, the District plan's membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries	10
Active members	24
Total	34

The District paid \$136,494 for pension benefits as they came due during the reporting period. The District is funding these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Changes in Total Pension Liability

The District's change in total pension liability for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Total Pension Liability			
Beginning of Year Balance	\$	1,358,108		
Service cost		63,869		
Interest on total pension liability		46,263		
Changes of benefit terms		(214,961)		
Differences between expected and actual experience		(21,263)		
Changes of assumptions or other input		(17,908)		
Benefit payments		(136,494)		
End of Year Balance	<u>\$</u>	1,077,614		

Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Measurement Date: Actuarial Valuation Date:	June 30, 2023 June 30, 2022
Inflation:	2.50%
Discount Rate:	4.25%
Source of Discount Rate:	Based upon all years of project payments discounted at a municipal bond rate of 4.25%
Source of Mortality Assumptions:	2020 WRS Experience Tables for Active Employees and Healthy Retirees projected with mortality improvements using the fully generational MP-2021 projection scale from a base year of 2010
Dates of Experience Studies	Experience study conducted in 2021 using WRS experience from 2018-2020

Sensitivity of the Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the District calculated using the current discount rate of 4.25% as well as what the total pension liability would be if it were to be calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.25%) that the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
Total pension liability	\$1,116,413	\$1,077,614	\$1,039,525

Pension Revenue and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension revenue of \$102,170. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflow of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	145,089	\$	17,719	
Changes in assumptions		39,924		154,640	
Total	\$	185,013	\$	172,359	

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Net)
2024	\$ 2,659
2025	2,659
2026	2,661
2027	7,403
2028	2,460
Thereafter	(5,188)

Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62
- Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance With		
		Original Final		 Actual		al Budget		
Revenues								
Local	\$	4,141,506	\$	4,141,506	\$ 4,264,330	\$	122,824	
Interdistrict		1,184,256		1,184,256	1,178,849		(5,407)	
State		416,229		416,229	423,263		7,034	
Federal		496,324		496,324	485,576		(10,748)	
Other		-		-	 31,927		31,927	
Total revenues		6,238,315		6,238,315	6,383,945		145,630	
Expenditures								
Instruction		3,671,610		3,671,610	3,596,175		75,435	
Support services		1,871,033		1,871,033	1,991,617		(120,584)	
Non-program		268,890		268,890	 306,201		(37,311)	
Total expenditures		5,811,533		5,811,533	 5,893,993		(82,460)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		426,782		426,782	489,952		63,170	
Other Financing Uses								
Transfers out		(497,184)		(497,184)	 (561,844)		(64,660)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(70,402)	\$	(70,402)	(71,892)	\$	(1,490)	
Fund Balances, Beginning					 796,931			
Fund Balances, Ending					\$ 725,039			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund - Special Education Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance With	
	Orig	ginal		Final	Actual		Fina	al Budget
Revenues								
Interdistrict	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	29,746	\$	23,746
State		175,840		175,840		168,725		(7,115)
Federal	·	168,984		168,984		158,296		(10,688)
Total revenues		350,824		350,824		356,767		5,943
Expenditures								
Instruction:								
Special education	4	483,157		483,157		444,691		38,466
Vocational education		157,889		157,889		192,278		(34,389)
Total instruction	(641,046		641,046		636,969		4,077
Support services:								
Pupil services		181,202		181,202		197,064		(15,862)
Administration		1,800		1,800		1,559		241
Pupil transportation		23,960		23,960		15,767		8,193
Other support services						1,045		(1,045)
Total support services	:	206,962		206,962		215,435		(8,473)
Total expenditures		848,008		848,008		852,404		(4,396)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(4	497,184)		(497,184)		(495,637)		1,547
Other Financing Sources								
Transfer in		497,184		497,184		495,637		(1,547)
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$			-	\$	
Fund Balances, Beginning						-		
Fund Balances, Ending					\$			

Lake Country School District Schedule of Changes in the Total Pension Liability Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Year Ended June 30, 2023

Fiscal Year Ending	Beginning Balance	S	ervice Cost	Interest on Total Pension Liability	Difference etween Expected and Actual Experience	Benefit Payments	Change of	Ending Balance	District's Proportionate Share	Nonemployer Contributing Entity's Proportionate Share
6/30/17	\$ 1,363,979	\$	77,653	40,105	\$ -	\$ (132,036)	\$ -	\$ 1,349,701	100%	0%
6/30/18	1,349,701		77,653	40,320	-	(89,072)	(42,685)	1,335,917	100%	0%
6/30/19	1,335,917		70,041	49,441	75,681	(105,034)	(31,184)	1,394,862	100%	0%
6/30/20	1,394,862		63,004	47,742	-	(124,614)	71,864	1,452,858	100%	0%
6/30/21	1,452,858		77,147	31,512	159,219	(181,759)	(77,303)	1,461,674	100%	0%
6/30/22	1,461,674		73,322	32,169	-	(137,159)	(71,898)	1,358,108	100%	0%
6/30/23	1,358,108		63,869	46,263	(21,263)	(136,494)	(232,869)	1,077,614	100%	0%

Schedule of Covered Payroll Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Year Ended June 30, 2023

Fiscal Year Ending	Total Pension Liability			Covered Payroll	Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
6/20/17	¢	1 240 704	¢	2 706 620	40.070/		
6/30/17	\$	1,349,701	\$	2,706,620	49.87%		
6/30/18		1,335,917		2,706,620	49.36%		
6/30/19		1,394,862		2,610,796	53.43%		
6/30/20		1,452,858		2,610,796	55.65%		
6/30/21		1,461,674		2,772,362	52.72%		
6/30/22		1,358,108		2,772,362	48.99%		
6/30/23		1,077,614		1,721,075	62.61%		

See notes to required supplementary information

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Liability) Asset -Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended June 30, 2023

WRS Fiscal Year End Date	Proportion of the Net Pension (Liability) Asset	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Liability) Asset	 Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Liability) Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability
12/31/14	0.02304453%	\$ 566.037	\$ 3.121.039	18.14%	102.74%
12/31/15	0.02241306%	(364,208)	3,044,223	11.96%	98.20%
12/31/16	0.02176068%	(179,360)	3,056,968	5.87%	99.12%
12/31/17	0.02107914%	625,864	3,035,107	20.62%	102.93%
12/31/18	0.02053719%	(730,648)	3,042,005	24.02%	96.45%
12/31/19	0.02002317%	645,638	3,153,136	20.48%	102.96%
12/31/20	0.01978451%	1,235,174	3,264,666	37.83%	105.26%
12/31/21	0.01975717%	1,592,464	3,323,542	47.91%	106.02%
12/31/22	0.01939647%	(1,027,567)	3,378,653	-30.41%	95.72%

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended June 30, 2023

Fiscal Year Ending	R	ntractually equired ntributions	Relat Con Re	ibutions in ion to the tractually equired tributions	Defic	ibution ciency cess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/15	\$	219,807	\$	219,807	\$	-	\$ 3,121,039	7.04%
6/30/16		208,253		208,253		-	3,044,223	6.84%
6/30/17		212,379		212,379		-	3,140,210	6.76%
6/30/18		204,667		204,667		-	2,938,342	6.97%
6/30/19		201,451		201,451		-	3,571,788	5.64%
6/30/20		215,448		215,448		-	3,681,495	5.85%
6/30/21		201,762		201,762		-	3,608,143	5.59%
6/30/22		237,123		237,123		-	3,757,954	6.31%
6/30/23		230,758		230,758		-	3,799,157	6.07%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2023

Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using generally accepted accounting principals and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgets are adopted for all governmental funds.

Budgets are adopted at the function level in the General Fund and the fund level for all other funds. Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over.

Funding Progress Data

The data presented in the Schedule of Funding Progress was taken from the report issued by the actuary.

Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) Pension

The amounts presented in relation to the schedule of employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset and the schedule of employer contributions represents the specific data of the District. The information was derived using a combination of the employer's contribution data along with data provided by the Wisconsin Retirement System in relation to the District as a whole.

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions:

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The District is required to present the last ten years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Accumulation of assets. No assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 73.

Changes of benefit terms. The plan's benefit terms have changed since the prior valuation, therefore a change in benefit terms was calculated which resulted in a decrease in the Total Pension Liability. Specifically, teachers hired after July 1, 2013, are now receiving an actively funded benefit, and Teachers hired between July 1, 2003, and June 30, 2013, now receive a lesser total benefit of \$45,000. In addition, active Administrators are no longer eligible for 403(b) contributions in retirement.

Changes of assumptions. The mortality assumptions changed from using 2018 WRS report to using the 2020 report. The experience study changed from using 2015-2017 WRS experience to using 2018-2020 data.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Lake Country School District Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds								Total		
	Gift Trust		Food Service		Community Service		Cooperative Program		Nonmajor Funds		
Assets											
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$	136,327 - -	\$	157,236 9,486 8,861	\$	19,128 - -	\$	-	\$	312,691 9,486 8,861	
Total assets	\$	136,327	\$	175,583	\$	19,128	\$		\$	331,038	
Liabilities and Fund Balances											
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and related items Due to other funds	\$	163 - -	\$	- 14,655	\$	2,634	\$	-	\$	163 17,289 -	
Total liabilities		163		14,655		2,634		-		17,452	
Fund Balances Committed		136,164		160,928		16,494				313,586	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	136,327	\$	175,583	\$	19,128	\$		\$	331,038	

Lake Country School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Special Revenue Funds						Total	
				Food		mmunity	Cooperative		Gov	vernmental
	G	ift Trust		Service		Service	F	Program		Funds
Revenues										
Local	\$	169,316	\$	130,270	\$	56,081	\$	104,153	\$	459,820
State		-		2,945		-		-		2,945
Federal		-		95,421		-		-		95,421
Total revenues		169,316		228,636		56,081		104,153		558,186
Expenditures										
Instruction		63,878		-		-		-		63,878
Support:										
Food service		-		204,944		-		-		204,944
Community service		-		-		39,587		-		39,587
Cooperative program		-		-		-		170,360		170,360
Total support services		-		204,944		39,587		170,360		414,891
Total expenditures		63,878		204,944		39,587		170,360		478,769
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		105,438		23,692		16,494		(66,207)		79,417
Other Financing Sources										
Transfers in		-		-		-		66,207		66,207
Net change in fund balance		105,438		23,692		16,494		-		145,624
Fund Balances, Beginning		30,726		137,236				-		167,962
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	136,164	\$	160,928	\$	16,494	\$	_	\$	313,586

Lake Country School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Awarding Agency/Pass-Through Agency/Award Description	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Agency Numbers	Accrued Receivable 7/1/22	Expenditures Grantor	Receipts Grantor Reimbursements	Accrued Receivable 6/30/23
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION State of Wisconsin Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction <u>ESEA Title 1 - Title 1, Part A Cluster</u> July 1, 2022- June 30, 2023	84.010A	2023-673862-DPI-TIA-141	\$ 1,024	\$ 16,755	\$ 17,759	\$ 20
ESEA II-A Teacher/Principal Training July 1, 2022- June 30, 2023	84.367A	2023-673862-DPITIIA-365	860	5,797	4,653	2,004
<u>ESEA IV-A</u> July 1, 2022- June 30, 2023	84.424A	2023-673862-DPITIVA-381	2,606	7,619	7,772	2,453
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund <u>Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief I</u> July 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022	84.425D	2021-673862-DPI-ESSERF-160	3,990		3,990	
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II July 1, 2021 - September 30, 2023	84.425D	2022-673862-DPIESSERFII-163		134,893	134,893	
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III July 1, 2021 - September 30, 2024	84.425U	2022-673862-DPIESSERFIII-165		134,187	60,022	74,165
EBIS ESSER III July 1, 2021 - September 30, 2024	84.425U	2022-673862-DPIEBIS-165		119,320	57,896	61,424
LETRS ESSER III July 1, 2022- June 30, 2023	84.425U	2023-673862-DPILETRS-165		2,826	1,636	1,190
Total 84.425			3,990	391,226	258,436	136,779
Special Education Cluster IDEA <u>IDEA Flow Through</u> July 1, 2022- June 30, 2023	84.027A	2023-673862-DPIFLOW-341	-	150,595		150,595
IDEA Preschool Entitlement July 1, 2022- June 30, 2023	84.173A	2023-673862-DPIPRESCH-347		4,104		4,104
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA				154,699		154,699
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES Passed through Wisconsin Department of Health Services Medicaid Cluster Medical Assistance	93.778	Not Available	301	67,776	67,227	850
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE State of Wisconsin Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction Child Nutrition Cluster						
Food Distribution Program July 1, 2022- June 30, 2023	10.555	2023-673862-DPI-NSL-547	-	19,169	19,169	-
National School Lunch Program July 1, 2022- June 30, 2023	10.555	2023-673862-DPI-NSL-547		76,252	67,713	8,539
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				95,421	86,882	8,539
Total			\$ 8,781	\$ 739,293	\$ 442,730	\$ 305,343

See notes to schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards

Lake Country School District Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Awarding Agency/Pass-Through Agency/Award Description	State ID Number	R	State evenues
WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION			
Entitlement Programs			
Major State Programs:			
General Equalization	255.201	\$	21,183
Per Pupil Aid	255.945		261,184
Special Education and School Age Parents	255.101		135,018
Special Adjustment Aid	255.203		2,100
Nonmajor State Programs:			
State Lunch	255.102		2,945
Common School Fund	255.103		18,785
Pupil Transportation	255.107		11,057
High Cost Special Education Aid	255.210		33,707
Robotics League Participation Grants	255.959		6,461
Educator Effectiveness	255.945		3,440
Assessment of Reading Readiness Public	255.956		1,519
Total nonmajor programs			77,914
Total		\$	497,399

Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

<u>Note</u>

1. The Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards include all of the funds of Lake Country School District. The reporting entity for the District is based upon criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

State programs reported include only those programs required to be included by the *State Single Audit Guidelines*.

- 2. The accounting records for the grant programs are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- 3. The District's federal oversight agency for audit is the U.S. Department of Education. The District's state cognizant agency is the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction.
- 4. There were findings of internal control over financial reporting identified in the Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on the Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards for the year ended June 30, 2022. The prior year findings identified as Finding No.'s 2022-001 and 2022-002 are still applicable and are listed as Finding No.'s 2023-001 and 2023-002.
- 5. Eligible costs for special education under project 011 were \$488,719 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

OTHER INFORMATION



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the School Board of Lake Country School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Country School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2023-001 and 2023-002, that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin November 30, 2023



Report on Compliance for Each State Program With Required Procedures; and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction

Independent Auditors' Report

To the School Board of Lake Country School District

Report on Compliance for Each State Program With Required Procedures

Opinion on Each State Program with Required Procedures

We have audited Lake Country School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*, issued by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction that could have a direct and material effect on the District's state programs with required procedures for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's state programs that have required procedures are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its state programs with required procedures for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each State Program with Required Procedures

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and compliance requirements of the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction in the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*. Our responsibilities under those standards and compliance requirements are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each state program with required procedures. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation and maintenance of effective internal controls over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs with required procedures.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each state program with required procedures.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as described above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we ficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as described above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Wisconsin Public School District Manual*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin November 30, 2023

Schedule of Findings	and Responses
Year Ended June 30,	2023

Section I: Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditors issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP	Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting				
Material weakness(es) identified?	X yes	S -		no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	6	Х	none reported
Noncompliance material to the financial statements?	yes	6	Х	no
State Programs with Required Procedures				
Internal control over compliance Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	s	Х	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	s <u>-</u>	Х	_none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs with required procedures	Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported?	yes	S _	Х	no
Identification of state programs with required procedures:				

Identification of state programs with required procedures:

State ID NumberName of State Program or Cluster255.101Special Education and School Age Parents255.201/255.203General Aids Cluster255.945Per Pupil Aid

Lake Country School District Schedule of Findings and Responses

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

Finding No. 2023-001 - Segregation of Duties

Criteria -	Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, the selection and application of accounting principles and the safeguarding of assets. Proper segregation of duties provides a system of checks and balances on the accounting system and reduces the risk of errors and irregularities, both intentional and unintentional.
Condition -	The size of the District's office staff precludes an adequate segregation of accounting and reporting functions necessary to ensure an adequate internal control system. The District primarily operates its accounting and reporting functions with one individual.
Cause -	The District has not assigned duties to have appropriate controls in place.
Effect -	Errors or irregularities could occur and go unnoticed for an extended time.
Recommendation -	Continued monitoring and supervision of the accounting and reporting functions by management and the elected body. Monthly reporting of actual results, both revenues and expenditures, to budget.
District Response and Corrective Action Plan -	Although some segregation of duties issues exist due to the limited number of personnel, management believes that certain controls are in place to mitigate these issues, such as the review of bank reconciliations, payroll reports and journal entries by the administrator, other members of management or Board of Education members who possess the skills, knowledge and experience related to these processes to identify and correct errors.
Finding No. 2023-002 - Financial Reporting	
Criteria -	Statement on Auditing Standards AU - C 265 requires the communication to the Board of significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the year end financial reporting process.
Condition -	The District's personnel do not have the necessary technical expertise in governmental accounting and reporting to prepare the District's financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The District has contracted with its auditing firm to perform this service.
Cause -	The District has chosen to have the auditors prepare the financial statements.
Effect -	Information provided to management throughout the year may not be presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
Recommendation -	Management should determine if the benefits achieved by resolving this internal control deficiency warrants the additional cost that would be required to remedy the current condition.
District Response and Corrective Action Plan -	Although management does not prepare the financial statements, draft copies of the report is reviewed and approved prior to its issuance by management. This review includes verifying amounts to the general ledger and other documentation such as grant agreements, debt documents, etc. Management does attend annual training sessions which include content relating to current financial reporting requirements and new accounting standards. Currently, management has not implemented controls to evaluate and determine whether the financial statements conform to the requirements of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. As such, management will continue to rely on the auditors to assist in preparing the District's financial statements.

Section III: State Programs with Required Procedures Compliance Findings None